

Targeted State Social Assistance as a social benefit to low-income families in Azerbaijan

Prof. Dr Elshad KHANALIBAYLI,

International Relations Department
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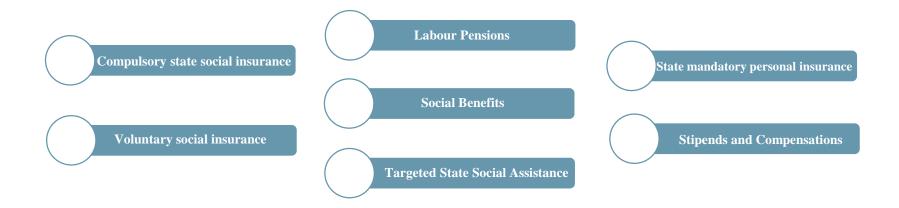
State Social Protection Fund Azerbaijan

IEN Technical Seminar: Social security and human rights – Ensuring access and combatting the non-take-up of social benefits

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Key functions of the State Social Protection Fund



- 5 ISO accreditations (ISO 9001, ISO 37001, ISO 10002, ISO 26000, and ISO 15489)
- 12 International Awards for the best business results, efficient proactive services and achievements in social protection of population



Overview of Targeted State Social Assistance (TSSA)

- Purpose: TSSA, cornerstone of the social protection system, is an integral policy, established by the government of Azerbaijan, dedicated to financially assisting low-income families.
- **Eligibility:** It is specially designed for families whose average monthly income falls below a set threshold due to circumstances beyond their control.
- Benefits: TSSA is an instrumental approach to alleviate poverty, provide financial stability, and minimize social risks among the most vulnerable sections of society in Azerbaijan.
- Mode of payment: The assistance is disbursed centrally to the designated family representative's card account on a monthly basis. Payments are strictly non-cash and are sourced from the state budget.
- Application and processing: An application for TSSA can be submitted both physically and electronically. Applications are processed through the 'single window' principle, ensuring simplicity, accessibility and efficiency.
- **Evolution:** Over time, new artificial-intelligence-based technologies have been integrated into the system to enhance impartiality, efficiency, transparency and cost-effectiveness.

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The Evolution of TSSA: Incorporating Artificial Intelligence

- Al integration: A pioneering Al-based web application has transformed the TSSA assignment process, bringing impartiality and efficiency to the examination of household conditions.
- **Issue resolution:** Through systematic data organization and redundancy elimination, the application addresses key challenges in the examination process.
- **Digital transition:** The AI integration marks a significant shift from a human-centric to a digital-centric approach, enhancing service accessibility and transparency for citizens.





Challenges before Al integration

- Coordination problems and administrative challenges in the process of examination
- Existence of corruption offenses and conditions conducive to corruption
- Delays in providing services due to untimely examination, and failure to provide services in a unified and coordinated manner
- Violation of social assistance addressability due to false information by examiners
- Breach of data uniqueness and confidentiality
- Extensive use of human factor in the business process

Strategy to address challenges

- Adoption of machine management methods and tools to maximize efficiency
- Transition from the 'human environment' to the 'digital environment'
- Development of mobile application for more streamlined examination process
- Minimizing direct communication between citizens and officials
- Creation of a systematized, unified database





Targets to be achieved

- Ensuring correct scoping of the TSSA system and precise targeting to vulnerable groups
- Creation of an effective and flexible automated infrastructure related to digital transition
- Optimization of control, monitoring, and evaluation in the examination process
- Increasing efficiency of social governance and control mechanisms

Evaluation of results

- A 35% reduction in written complaints, and 22% increase in customer satisfaction compared to 2021 (96.5% in 2022).
- A 21% decrease in the workload of the Fund's Central Branch for Examination of Household Conditions and 61421 new TSSA assignments in 2022 (94% increase compared to 2021).
- Optimized examinations and data management, enhanced monitoring and navigation and revolutionizing the social assistance process.
- Assignment of the TSSA to 10520 persons in 2022, who were denied TSSA in 2021.
- Return of USD 493.74 to low-income families due to past incorrect calculations.
- 80.5% increase in examinations in the 2nd semester of 2022 (compared to the same period of 2021).
- Increased efficiency in judicial disputes, with a rise in decisions in favor of the Fund from 63% to 92%.



Lessons learned and risk management

- Key success criteria: Strategic focus, trust, satisfaction, strengthening cost and time management, effective resolution of judicial disputes
- Risks: Additional burden in ensuring the information system security, lack of professional staff, challenges of adaptation to the digital environment
- Risk management: Use of modern software for system security, recruitment of new professional employees, organization of informative trainings to adapt to digital transformation



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Thank you!

Q & A





