

Combatting non-take-up through customer-centric services and digital inclusion

Case Finland / Kela

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Non-take-up in Finland

- 1. The effectiveness of social benefits decreases if those entitled to them do not apply, leading to non-take-up of social security.
- 2. There is limited domestic empirical research on the non-take-up of social security benefits.
- 3. Microsimulation methods, such as the SISU model in Finland, can be used to study non-take-up.
- 4. Microsimulation allows for calculating whether households are entitled to benefits and comparing it to whether they have actually applied for the benefits.



Non-take-up in Finland

- The customer does not receive a benefit they are entitled to, for one reason or another. The most common reasons for non-take-up are:
 - The customer is unaware of their entitlement to the benefit.
 - The bureaucracy associated with applying and receiving rejected decision.
 - The complexity of the social security system.
 - (The stigma associated with applying.)
- The reasons for non-take-up are not only individual but also structural.



Non-take-up in Finland – housing allowance, guaranteed pension

- In Paukkeri's (2018) doctoral dissertation, the non-take-up of general housing allowance and social assistance was examined for the years 2003-2011.
 - The take-up rates ranged from 70% to 90%, meaning that approximately 10% to 30% of those eligible for support did not apply for it.
 - Households whose incomes dropped only temporarily were more likely to leave the benefits unclaimed. This contradicts the temporary purpose of social assistance.
 - On the other hand, the households in most desperate need did apply for the benefits.
 - The same dissertation also includes a study on guaranteed pension information. Personalized letters played a significant role in applying for the guaranteed pension. Information is one way to reduce non-take-up.



Non-take-up in Finland – social assistance

- 1.Tervola's study compared the use of social assistance in Finland and Sweden.
- 2.About one-third of households eligible for long-term subsistence support did not utilize it.
- 3. Non-take-up on social assistance decreased in Finland, particularly in 2017, due to the fact that implementation was transferred from 300 municipalities to centralized Kela.
- 4.In international comparison, Finland has lower non-take-up of subsistence support than many other countries.





Non-take-up : a widespread phenomenon in all the countries studied



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Non-take up in Finland – sickness benefit

- 1.24% of sickness allowance rejections are due to non-take-up. Between 2017-2021 analysis focused on non-take-up cases in the Kela process.
- 2.Backlog of healthcare appointments contributes to non-take-up of sickness allowance.
- 3.Non-take-up is mostly resolved when customers engage with Kela.
- 4.76% of rejected cases for non-take-up receive a new decision within two years.
- 5.COVID-19 pandemic has led to an increase in non-take-up on sickness allowance.
- 6.Difficulty in obtaining medical appointments is one of the reason for non-takeup: necessary medical statements are not easy to get in order to apply for the www.issa.int sickness benefit



Non-take up in Finland – sickness benefit

- 1.Non-take-up is defined as rejection reasons related to missing necessary information or attachments in sickness allowance.
 - 1.A medical certificate is missing.
 - 2. The requested information has not been obtained.
 - 3. The application is missing.
- 2.89% of those who reapplied received an approval or partial approval.
- 3.Increase in missing medical certificates, especially during the pandemic years.
- 4. Electronically transmitted medical certificates from physicians to Kela decreases non-take-up.



Input on customer information

- Easy-to-read language information
- Easy-to-access information (chatbots, <u>www.kela.fi</u>, f2f customer service etc.)
- Guidance and councelling
- Collaboration with other authorities multisectoral client collaboration
- Customer data-mining for the IT-systems
 - comprehensive customer information
 - pre-filled applications / contacts on customers in order to inform the eligibility to benefits



Better online service

 In family benefits we already planning a so called dialogue application in online services. The service goes through a dialogue with the customer and only asks questions related to that specific customer.

Legislative changes

- Kela has suggested to proceed with the idea of benefit proposal
- Social security reform and combining basic social security benefits into one



Benefit proposal

- With the help of technology, counseling could be provided efficiently, for example, through an electronic service, without the need for individuals to call customer service or visit a service point.
- Counseling could utilize technologies such as artificial intelligence and automation. This requires technological development work and resources.
- One option for benefits proposal is that individuals express their interest in a benefits proposal and receive one based on the information they provide and registry data in the service.



Benefit proposal





Decision proposal

- In a more advanced model, Kela would make a proposal for a benefit decision for the customer. Currently, individuals have to figure out which benefit they are entitled to and fill out an application form in order to receive benefits.
- Even more advanced benefits proposal models, based on the questions asked and registry data, Kela could directly propose a benefit decision to the customer. Thus, the benefit would no longer need to be applied for separately.



Decision proposal

Kela automatically generates a benefit proposal for the person if the information available at Kela indicates that they would be eligible for a certain benefit.

If the person accepts the proposal, the benefit decision comes into effect.



Combinig different social security benefits into one

- One of the proposals on the reform comittees mid-term report is to combine basic social security benefits: Unemployment benefit, sickness benefit, parental benefits, rehabilitation benefit
- The long-term goal is to replace these riskbased benefits with one benefit
 - *Reduce the complexity of social security system
 - *Make system more understandable for customers
 - *Combine procedures of different benefits (for example rules on applying and disbursement of benefits)
- *Guarantee basic benefit for waiting periods (periods caused by processing applications and gathering information for decision-making)



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